

Introduction

- Opportunity for Collaboration
 - Research and Practice
- Natural Hazards Management and Climate Change Adaptation
 - Hazard Mitigation
 - Policies, Programs and Plans
 - Disaster Recovery
 - Policies, Programs and Plans
 - Recommendations for Action



Research Findings

Study of Natural Hazards and Disasters

- Disasters by Design (Mileti 1999)
- Facing Hazards and Disasters: Understanding Human Dimensions (National Research Council 2006)
- Hazards Research
 - Meteorological Phenomena (Duration, Intensity, Frequency)
 - Hazard Vulnerability
 - Hazard Mitigation

Disasters

- Disaster Response
- Disaster Recovery
- Social Vulnerability (Chicago Heat Wave)
- Risk Communication
- Building Performance
- Disaster Myths
- Issue Salience and Policymaking
- Politics of Disaster
- Planning



Practice of Hazards Management

- Natural Hazards versus Disasters
 - Disasters are a Human Construct

- Emergency Management and Hazards Management
 - Preparedness, Response, Hazard Mitigation, and Recovery
 - Emergency Manager/Land Use Planner Divide





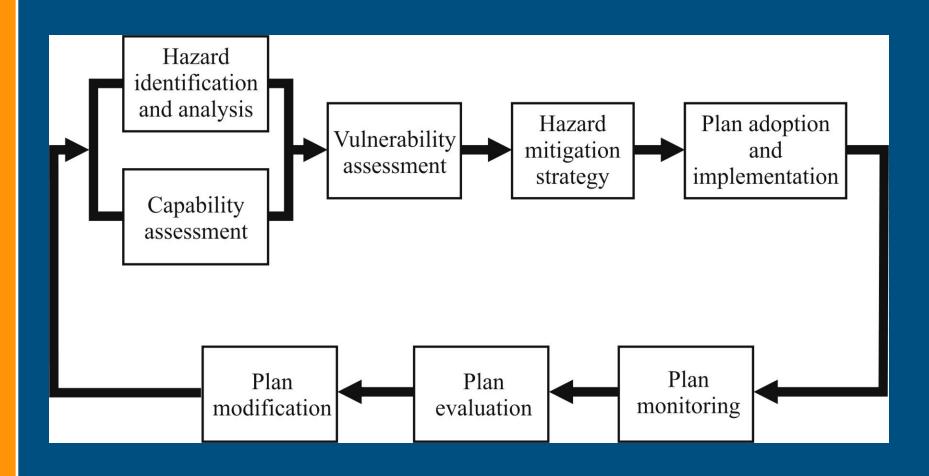




Hazard Mitigation Policy

- Disaster Mitigation Act of 2000
 - State and Local Hazard Mitigation Planning
 - Pre-Disaster Mitigation/Hazard Mitigation Grant Program
 - Planning Guidelines
 - Policies and Projects
 - Land Use

Hazard Mitigation Planning Process





Hazard Mitigation / Adaptation Strategies

- Land Use Planning
- Risk Assessment
- Hazard Notification
- Public Investments
- Hardening Structures (levees, seawalls)
- Relocation/Retreat
- Land Acquisition
- **Education and Outreach**
- Elevation
- Building Codes



Hazard Mitigation Tools and Adaptation

- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program
 - Hurricanes Fran and Floyd (over 600 million dollars in hazard mitigation funding)
 - Acquisition and Relocation
 - Elevation
 - Relocation of Flood-prone Infrastructure
 - Relocation of Hog Farms and Junkyards
 - North Carolina Floodplain Mapping Program (flood hazard identification)
 - North Carolina Sea Level Rise Project
 - Adaptation Component



Disaster Recovery and Adaptation?









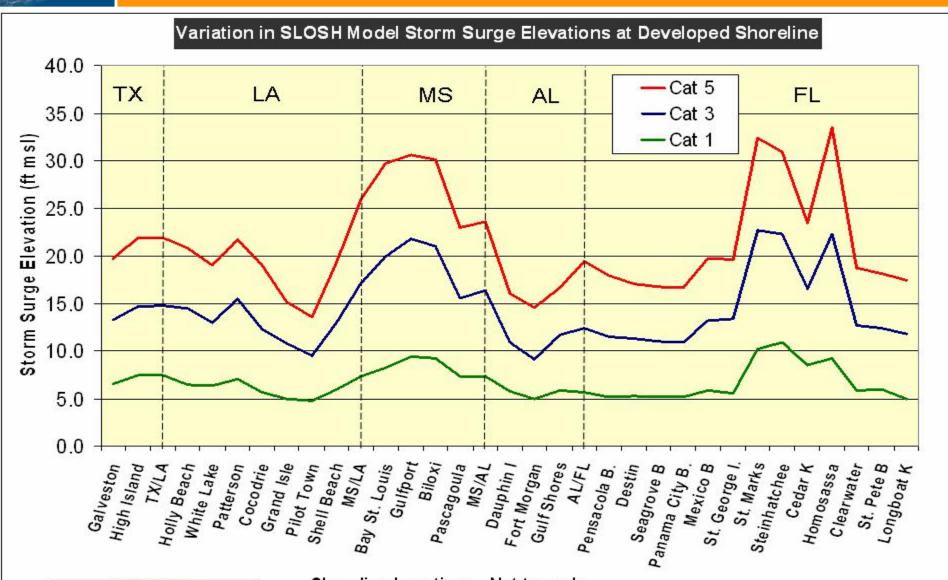


Assessing, Communicating and Assuming Risk

- Public Sector
 - Federal, State and Local
- Private Sector
 - Corporations
 - Small Business
 - Contractors
 - Developers
 - Media
- Private Non-Profits
 - Faith-Based Groups
 - National Organizations
 - Foundations
- Quasi-Governmental Organizations
 - Regional Planning Organizations
 - Professional Associations
 - Universities and Colleges
 - Community Development Corporations
 - Neighborhood Associations
- Emergent Groups and Individuals



Communicating Risk



PRELIMINARY source: FEMA MAT, 2-26-06 Shoreline Locations - Not to scale



What is the Appropriate Design Standard?





Geography of Disaster





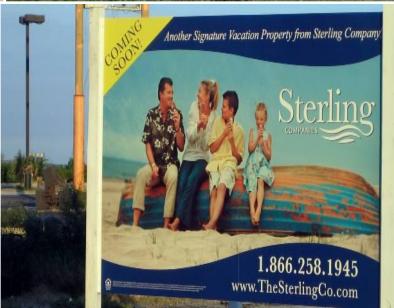


Housing (temporary, transition, and resettlement)











Explaining Vulnerability in the Post-Disaster Environment



Estimated Katrina Surge Elevations

24-25 ft

Advisory Base Flood Elevations

Open Coast: 18-27 ft Back Bay: N/A

Effective Base Flood Elevations

VE Zone: 14-18 ft AE Zone: 12-13 ft

Legend

State Boundary County Boundary Hurricane Katrina-Related Data

Or Preliminary Indoor High Water Mark
Or Preliminary Outdoor High Water Mark

Or Preliminary Debris High Water Mark
Limit of Katrina Surge Inundation

Flood Advisory-Related Data

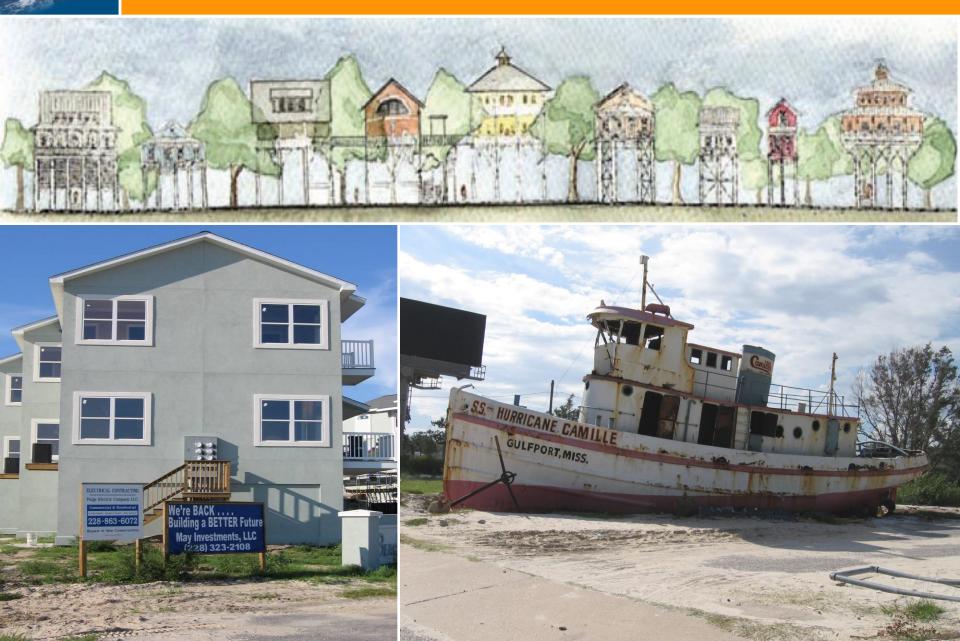
ABFE Contours (1-foot intervals)
ABFE Inland Limit
Approx, Limit of 1,5-foot Wave Zone

Approx, Limit of 1.5-root Wave Zone Approx, Limit of 3-foot Wave Zone Open Coast/Back Bay Boundary

Limit of ABFES

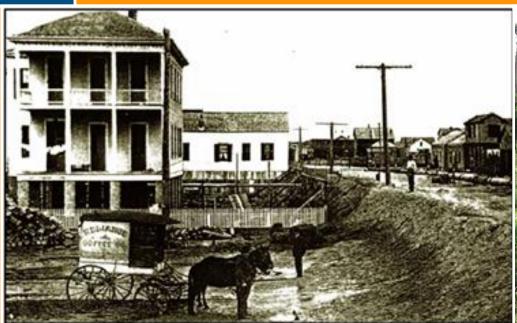


Risk and Post-Disaster Redevelopment





Risk and Policy Choices











Risk-Based Policymaking and Issue Salience





Risk, Sustainability and Disaster Resilience

- Can High-Risk Communities be Sustainable and Resilient?
- Market Behavior vs.Risk-Based Planning and Design
- Decreasing Social Vulnerability vs. Diverse Populations
- Linking Planning to Sustainable Development, Hazard Resilience, and Adaptation

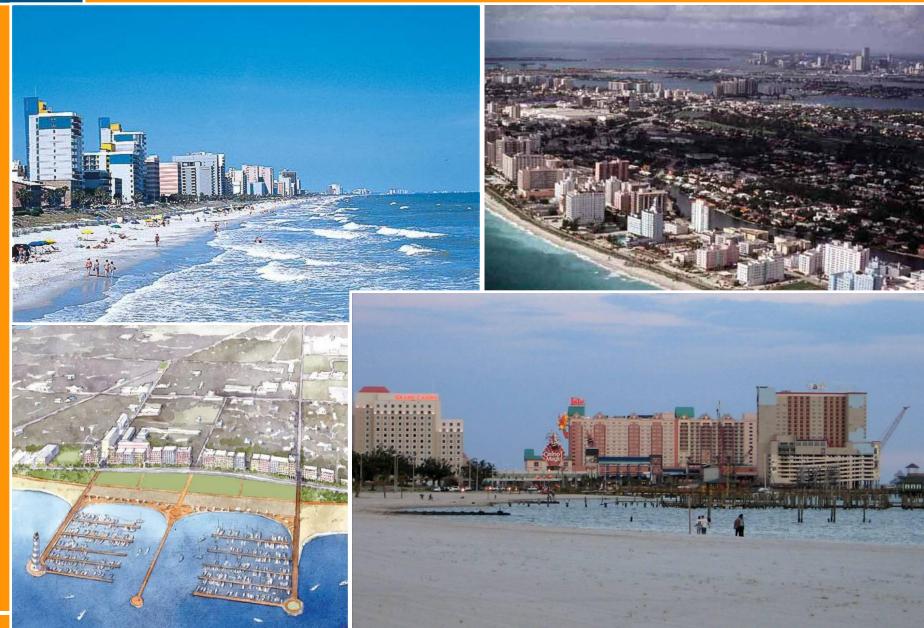








Human Settlements, Risk and Climate Change: Are We Learning from our Mistakes?





Shoreacres, Texas Following Hurricane Ike











Recommendations for Action: Use the Tools We Already Have

- Integrate Hazard Mitigation Plans and Climate Change Adaptation Plans
 - State Level
 - Local Level
- Pre-Event Planning for Post-Disaster Recovery
 - Planning
 - Funding
 - Window of Opportunity to Enact Change
- Multi-Objective Planning and Coalition Building
 - Episodic versus slow onset, potentially catastrophic disaster (hazards are dynamic)
 - The Salience of Climate Change